## **AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1.-12. (Cancelled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition which comprises as an active principle MMDX and a pharmaceutically acceptable agent which remains selectively in a liver tumor after its injection through the hepatic artery.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 13, wherein the agent is iodized oil.
- 15.-17. (Cancelled)
- 18. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a human liver tumor which comprises the intrahepatic administration of a therapeutically effective amount of methoxymorpholino doxorubicin (MMDX) to a patient in need thereof, wherein said MMDX is administered as an infusion of from about 15 minutes to about 30 minutes.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing methoxymorpholino doxorubicin systemic exposure of a patient suffering from a liver cancer which comprises the intrahepatic administration of a therapeutically effective amount of methoxymorpholino doxorubicin (MMDX) to said patient, wherein said MMDX is administered as an infusion of from about 15 minutes to about 30 minutes.

- 20. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18, wherein the liver tumor is a tumor primarily confined to the liver.
- 21. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 20, wherein the tumor primarily confined to the liver is a hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) or a cholangiocarcinoma.
- 22. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18, wherein the tumor is a liver metastasis.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18, wherein the intrahepatic administration of MMDX is via the hepatic artery.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18, wherein MMDX is administered as an infusion of from about 15 minutes to about 30 minutes every 4 weeks.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim [[18]] <u>26</u>, wherein MMDX is administered as a 5-10 minute bolus every 8 weeks.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 18, wherein MMDX is administered with an agent, which remains selectively in a liver tumor after its injection through the hepatic artery.
- 27. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 26, wherein the agent is iodized oil.
- 28. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim [[1]] 18, wherein MMDX is administered in a dose ranging from about 100 mcg/m<sup>2</sup> to about 1000 mcg/m<sup>2</sup>.

- 29. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 28, wherein MMDX is administered in a dose ranging from about 100 mcg/m<sup>2</sup> to about 800 mcg/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 30. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 29, wherein the dose is 200 mcg/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 31. (Currently Amended) A method of treating human liver tumor, which comprises the intrahepatic administration of a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition which comprises as an active principle methoxymorpholino doxorubicin (MMDX) and a pharmaceutically acceptable agent which remains selectively in a liver tumor after its injection through the hepatic artery, wherein said MMDX is administered as a 5 to 10 minutes bolus.
- 32. (New) A method of treating a human liver tumor which comprises the intrahepatic administration of a therapeutically effective amount of methoxymorpholino doxorubicin (MMDX) to a patient in need thereof, wherein said MMDX is administered as a 5 to 10 minutes bolus.
- 33. (New) A method for reducing methoxymorpholino doxorubicin systemic exposure of a patient suffering from a liver cancer which comprises the intrahepatic administration of a therapeutically effective amount of methoxymorpholino doxorubicin (MMDX) to said patient, wherein said MMDX is administered as a 5 to 10 minutes bolus.